**UNIT – V**

**OPTICAL NETWORKS**

**Session: 1**

1. **Recap: Brain storming**

Learners are asked to review the network terminology. Students from each group tell about it . They listed the types of networks and the terminologies related to that

1. **Introduction to optical networks – PPTSlides**

Network concepts: node, router, station, topology

www.ece.iupui.edu/~dskim/Classes/ICE3025/ch01.**ppt**‎

1. **Optical network concepts: PPT Slides**

Star, bus & Ring topology LAN, WAN & MAN

Faculty.uscupstate.edu/atzacheva/SIMS201/**LAN**\_**MAN**\_**WAN**.**ppt**‎

home.iitk.ac.in/~navi/sidbinetworkcourse/lecture1.**ppt**‎

1. **Conclusion : Summarisation**

Facilitator summarized the session by high lighting the LAN , WAN ,MAN and topology

**Session: 2**

1. **Recap: Question & Answer**

A set of questions can help the learners to recall about optical networks we can call the learners randomly to answer the questions.

1. Name 3 topologies used in optical networks

2. Use of passive & active network coupler.

3. What is a Router?

4. Enumerate the OSI Layer

1. **SONET / SDH networks:- Power point presentation**

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WToiJS8x1CQ>

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h8\_zU1koOcM

Slides depicting SONET / SDH

Digital Interface for connecting optical fiber.

<https://www.google.co.in/url?sa=t&rct=j&q=&esrc=s&source=web&cd=1&ved=0CCsQFjAA&url=http%3A%2F%2Fnetwk.hannam.ac.kr%2Fdata%2Fdata_communication4%2Fdata_communication4thchap17.ppt&ei=YXLUUdXkE4mTrgeJzIDYDw&usg=AFQjCNEbuPF6vLSw-GqeTI5pHz_PqE_-dg&sig2=g9boGuauTVMWP_EpuORZmA>

1. **SONET / SDH frame structure: PPT**

STS – 1, STS – N frame structure

STM – 1 SDH frame structure





1. **Comparisons between SONET and SDH: brain storming**

Students identify & list the comparisons STM – 1 is equivalent to STS – 3 signal.

SONET –standard in North America , ANSI Standard , OC N equivalent to STS-N

SDH - Standard in rest of the world , ITU-T Standard , no such equivalent

**Session: 3**

1. **Recap: Identify the Acronym**

Learners recollect the last session by identifying the acronym and have to discuss about it .Each group is given an opportunity and the facilitator records the score.

**Synchronous Digital Hierarchy - SDH**

 **Synchronous Transport Signal-1 - STS-1**

 **Synchronous Optical Network - SONET**

 **Synchronous Transport Module-1- STM-1**

 **Passive Optical Network - PON**

1. **SONET Architecture and Networks-PPT Slides**

Ring architecture , UPSR and BLSR

ADM and WDM networks

 

1. **Broad cast & select networks – PPT slides.**

Slides depicting single hop, multi hop networks.

[http://www.retitlc.polito.it/mellia/corsi/07-08/reti\_ottiche\_master/2-ON-Poli-b&S.pdf](http://www.retitlc.polito.it/mellia/corsi/07-08/reti_ottiche_master/2-ON-Poli-b%26S.pdf)

1. **Conclusion: Re call by question**

Facilitator conclude the session by asking the following questions.

1. Limitation of single hop networks
2. What is meant by single hop?
3. Drawbacks of broadcast & select networks
4. Define **UPSR and BLSR**

**Session: 4**

1. **Recap: Group Quiz**

The class is divided into 4 groups A,B,C & D each groups prepare a set of 4 questions. Group A pose question to Group B & in turn Group B asks question Group A. Facilitator records the score.

**Sample questions:**

1.What is meant by single & multihop?

2. ADM facility means --------

 3. What is meant by path and line switching?

1. **Wavelength routed networks – PPT slides / chalk talk**

To over come the limitations of broad cast & select network wavelength reuse, conversion, optical switching.

<http://www4.ncsu.edu/~hp/Chapter9.pdf>

<http://www-users.aston.ac.uk/~blowkj/photonicnetworks/lecture6/lecture6.ppt>

1. **Wavelength conversion & OXC – PPT slides.**

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1. **Conclusion:- Question & Answer**

Randomly pick the learners and ask the following sample questions:

1. Limitation of broadcast & select network
2. Methods to over come the limitations.
3. What is wavelength reuse?
4. What is wavelength conversion?

**Session: 5**

1. **Recap: Recall by keywords**

Facilitator lists some keywords each group is asked to recollect from the keywords

OXC.- Optical X connect- to switch to required output port

ADM- Add / Drop Multiplexer- Facility in SONET networks to add or drop the sub channels.

DWDM – Dense Wavelength Division Multiplexing- High capacity , data rate 10 Gbps , close spacing of wavelengths

Hop- No of intermediate nodes

Shuffle net- Topology used in multihop broadcast & select network

1. **Nonlinear effects: PPT slides**

<http://www.imedea.uib.es/~salvador/coms_optiques/addicional/agrawal/NLOF.pdf>

SBS

SRS

Optical signal injected into the fiber is the source of interacting photons and is called pump wave since it supplies power for the generated wave.

SRS-Severely limit the performance of multi channel OC system by transferring energy from short wavelength channels to neighboring long wavelength channels.

 

1. **Self phase modulation, Cross phase modulation & Four wave mixing: PPT slides.**

<http://www.imedea.uib.es/~salvador/coms_optiques/addicional/agrawal/NLOF.pdf>

 

Four wave mixing

 

1. **Conclusion: Recall by questions**

A set of questions can help the learners to recall about nonlinear effects.

1. What are the nonlinear effects that experience gain or loss to the channel?
2. Stokes photon.
3. What is Kerr effect?
4. What is meant by power penalty?
5. SBS Threshold.

**Session: 6**

1. **Recap: Rapid fire**

The class is divided into 3 groups Facilitator pose questions to the groups. The group that answers within 2 secs is awarded. If they don’t it passes to the next group.

Sample questions

GVD means?

What is SPM?

Challenges faced in designing optical networks

Effective length & area.

1. **Performance of WDM/& EDFA – chalk & talk**

<http://www.ijarcsse.com/docs/papers/June2012/Volume_2_issue_6/V2I600125.pdf>

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1. **Conclusion: Recall by questions**

Link bandwidth

Standard Wavelength spacing

Inter channel cross talk

Inter channel cross talk

**Session: 7**

1. **Recap: Quiz**

Students are divided into 5 groups & question were asked to a group in round robin form.

Sample questions:

FWM

SRS

CPM

Pump wave

1. **Introduction to soliton pulses: Animated slide presentation**

Single pulse, 2 pulses, Multiple pulses

1. **Soliton parameter – Animated PPT slides**

<http://www.jpier.org/PIER/pier74/11.07050401.Gangwar.SS.pdf>

**Application of soliton – chalk & talk**

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1. **Conclusion: Learner Led Presentation**

Facilitator instructs one of the learner to summmarise the session.

**Session: 8**

1. **Recap: Questions & answer**

What do you mean by the term soliton?

Define fundamental soliton

What are called higher order solitons?

Define FWHM

Dispersion length

1. **Introduction to CDMA: PPT slides**

[http://www.ee.buffalo.edu/faculty/paololiu/566/op\_**cdma**.**ppt**](http://www.ee.buffalo.edu/faculty/paololiu/566/op_cdma.ppt)

1. **Concept of optical CDMA: Chalk & Talk**
2. **Conclusion: Pick and answer**

A grid is prepared with 4 questions and the questions are hidden . Facilitator instructs each group to pick a number from the grid. Each alphabet is connected to the question via hyperlink.

 

**Session: 9**

1. **Recap: Tit for Tat**

Students are divided into 3 groups and 5 minutes given for preparation of 3 questions one group will ask the other & vice versa Facilitator records the score.

Principle of optical cdma

TDM

Spread spectrum

Chips

1. **Ultra high capacity networks: Chalk & talk / PPT slides**

www.slideworld.com/**ppt**slides.../**Ultra**-**High**-**Capacity**-**Optical**--Communi...‎

www.mtitc.government.bg/upload/docs/3.7\_kalbe.**ppt**‎

Ultra high capacity WDM networks -Block diagram and explanation

1. **Bit interleaved and time slotted :Chalk & Talk**

 Types of Ultra high capacity WDM networks

1. **Conclusion :Crossword puzzle**

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**Across Down**

**2.** One of the SONET architecture 1. Connects the adjacent pieces of

 Equipment

5. Logical manner is which nodes are 3. Information transmitted in the

 linked together form of light pulses only

6. SONET/SDH architecture is called as 4. Access to an optical data bus is

 achieved by

9. standard signal format in North America 7. An important SONET/SDH network

 element

 8. Loss due to coupler itself.

**Books Referred: “** Optical Fiber Communication “ , John M Senior

 “ Optical Fiber Communication” , Gerd Keiser

 **“** Optical Networks, A practical Perspective,” Morgan Kaufmann.

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